

Fairness

Fairness is one of the many things people need to survive, because if there was no fairness in the world there would be many wars because people would go and attack other nations for stealing land which is not fair. It is also a principle of treating people with respect and that everyone has equal opportunities and is judged based on their actions so there is a saying called 'treat people how you want to be treated'.

Fairness is found in many parts of life such as jobs, education and politics which brings its own difficulties. It is also not always hard to achieve fairness so you could do it today, for example sharing a toy or helping someone out. Fairness is about creating balance in how people are treated. It means that everyone has a special quality, while also recognising that other people may need different things because everyone is not the same as each other.

I believe that fairness is important because it helps people to trust each other and businesses within a community. It ensures people to feel treated equally, which helps them with their mental health and willingness to help other people and animals.

Fairness is an important principle that ensures equality and justice for all people. It involves treating people with respect, providing equal opportunities, and acknowledging their rights. In a global context, fairness often extends to an important company called fair trade, where companies and consumers are encouraged to make ethical choices. One key example of this is Fair trade, a movement focused on creating more equitable trading relationships between producers in developing countries and consumers in wealthier nations. It also helps people that don't get paid enough as farmers.

Fair trade promotes fairness by ensuring farmers and workers in fair conditions and receive fair wages, safe working and access to sustainable farming practices. By supporting Fair trade products, consumers contribute to help farmers in need. Fair trade is a global movement focused on ensuring ethical trade practices that benefit producers in developing countries.

By supporting fair pay, better working conditions and sustainability, Fair trade helps empower farmers and workers. Certified products often include coffee, tea, chocolate and fruit with the guarantee that producers receive fair pay and that profits support community development. Fair trade fosters social and justice encouraging consumers to make conscious, responsible purchasing decisions to help people out.

To remind ourselves fairness is looking at situations ensuring that everyone is treated equally considering the situation that things can happen because people are different and they have different needs. Treating everyone the same might not be fair as some may need additional help and support.

Another point of view is to make sure every individual understands the rules included and that their input is allowed so their problems can be looked into fairly. Likewise personal opinions should be avoided when trying to make a decision. Another example can be taking turns in a game or speaking and listening to each other. Taking into account the unique circumstances of each situation and the relevant factors at play.

Different perspectives on fairness, is by focusing on a fair resource of giving or outcomes, considering whether everyone is getting a "fair share" based on their contributions.

It is important to pay attention to interpersonal treatment so that everyone feels valued and respected in their communications. Fairness point of view should be applied in the workplace and the legal system. In the workplace deciding employee's pay should be based on their performance looking into their experience and responsibilities. In the legal system the law should be applied consistently and impartially, looking into everyone's circumstances.

Fairness is the principle of treating people with equality, justice, and impartiality. It ensures everyone has access to the same opportunities and is judged based on merit rather than bias. In various contexts, fairness fosters cooperation and trust, creating a balanced society where rights are respected. One key aspect of fairness in the global market is Fair trade, which promotes ethical trading by ensuring producers in developing countries receive fair wages, work under safe conditions, and access sustainable resources.

This system empowers workers, promotes environmental responsibility, and encourages equitable relationships between consumers and producers across the world. With 'Chiquita bananas' for example the pays are really unfair with the CEO of the company earning millions a year but the farmers that make and harvest the bananas only get paid around 1000 pounds a year.

One key fact from the human rights poster is not to judge other religion and culture. If you do judge people about that it will hurt other peoples feelings which is not fair at all. People should also not discriminate about race as well as it does not matter where you come from as we are all the same.

Everyone also has a right to education which Malala Yousafzai stood up to people who couldn't go to school. Mostly girls around the world now have a few books about how she stood up about what happened to her when she was younger and was shot by terrorists but she kept on trying to persuade people to go to school and so they can have an education.

In conclusion we can say that it is very important to continue to aim for fairness in all parts of life. It can also suggest that we all have a responsibility to support fairness and work to reduce prejudice and imbalance. We can add

to this that fairness is not just an ideal but also a foundation for progress which creates an opportunity to add to growth and change.

Knowing that we may never have perfect fairness, the aim itself may result in a more fair world.